

## AMENDMENTS

### *In the Claims:*

Please amend the claims as indicated hereafter.

1. (Previously Presented) A communication system, comprising:

a central office transceiver;

an intermediate terminal transceiver;

a feeder distribution interface coupled to the central office transceiver and the intermediate terminal transceiver;

a first customer transceiver residing at a first customer premises and coupled through the feeder distribution interface to the central office transceiver;

a second customer transceiver residing at a second customer premises and coupled through the feeder distribution interface to the intermediate terminal transceiver;

memory for storing data based on an estimated distance between the central office transceiver and the feeder distribution interface and an estimated distance between the intermediate terminal transceiver and the feeder distribution interface; and

logic configured to estimate a distance of a data path between the intermediate terminal transceiver and the second customer transceiver based on a signal transmitted via the data path, the logic further configured to control, based on the data and the estimated distance of the data path, a power output of the intermediate terminal transceiver for a signal transmitted by the intermediate terminal transceiver through the feeder distribution interface to the second customer transceiver thereby ensuring that the signal transmitted by the intermediate terminal transceiver is spectrally compatible with at least one signal transmitted by the central office transceiver through the feeder distribution interface to the first customer transceiver.

2. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the logic resides within the intermediate terminal transceiver.

3. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the logic is configured to adjust the power output equally across a range of frequencies.

4. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the logic is configured to adjust the power output of the intermediate terminal transceiver differently for different frequencies.

5. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, further comprising a communication device configured to automatically provide the intermediate terminal transceiver with at least a portion of the data, the portion indicative of the estimated distance between the intermediate terminal transceiver and the feeder distribution interface.

6. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 5, wherein the communication device is further configured to automatically provide the intermediate terminal transceiver with a portion of the data indicative of the estimated distance between the central office transceiver and the feeder distribution interface.

7. (Currently Amended) A data communication system having a central office transceiver residing at a central office and an intermediate terminal transceiver residing at an intermediate terminal, the central office and intermediate terminal transceivers coupled through a feeder distribution interface to customer transceivers, comprising:

means for determining a distance between the intermediate terminal transceiver and the feeder distribution interface and a distance between the central office transceiver and the feeder distribution interface;

means for automatically determining a distance between the intermediate terminal transceiver and one of the customer transceivers based on a signal communicated between the intermediate terminal transceiver and the one customer transceiver, the one customer transceiver residing at a customer premises; and

means for selecting a transmission power level of the intermediate terminal transceiver based on each of the distances and for controlling the intermediate terminal transceiver such that the intermediate terminal transceiver transmits a signal at the selected power level.

~~power reduction means for automatically reducing a transmission power of the intermediate terminal transceiver, based on each of the determined distances, in order to ensure that signals transmitted by the intermediate terminal transceiver are spectrally compatible with signals transmitted by the central office transceiver.~~

8. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 7, further comprising a means for automatically providing each of a plurality of intermediate terminal transceivers residing at the intermediate terminal with values indicative of an approximate distance between the central office and the feeder distribution interface and of an approximate distance between the intermediate terminal and the feeder distribution interface.

9. (Previously Presented) A system for communicating between transceivers, comprising:  
a first transmitter configured to transmit signals to a first customer transceiver over a first communication connection that is bound within a binder, the first customer transceiver residing at a first customer premises; and

logic configured to estimate a distance of a data path between the first transmitter and the first customer transceiver based on at least one signal communicated over the data path, the logic further configured to control a transmission power level of the first transmitter for a signal transmitted by the first transmitter to the first customer transceiver based on the estimated distance, a distance between the first transmitter and a feeder distribution interface, and a distance between a second transmitter and the feeder distribution interface thereby ensuring that signals transmitted by the first transmitter to the first customer transceiver are spectrally compatible with signals transmitted from the second transmitter to a second customer transceiver over a second communication connection that is bound within the binder, the second customer transceiver residing at a second customer premises.

10. (Original) The system of claim 9, wherein the logic is configured to adjust the transmission power level equally for a range of frequencies.

11. (Original) The system of claim 9, wherein the logic is configured to adjust the transmission power level differently for different frequencies.

12. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 9, wherein the logic is configured to retrieve, from a look-up table and based on the estimated distance of the data path, a data value indicative of a transmission power level for the first transmitter, the logic further configured to cause the first transmitter to transmit at least one signal having the indicated power level based on the retrieved data value.

13. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 9, further comprising a receiver configured to receive at least one signal transmitted from the first customer transceiver over the data path, wherein the logic is configured to estimate the distance of the data path based on the at least one received signal.

14. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 9, wherein the first and second communication connections are coupled to the feeder distribution interface, and wherein the logic and the first transmitter reside within a transceiver installed at an intermediate terminal.

15. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 14, wherein the system further comprises a communication device that is configured to provide, to the logic, at least a portion of the data, the portion indicative of the estimated distance between the first transmitter and the feeder distribution interface, and wherein the logic is further configured to determine a transmission power level for the first transmitter based on the data and the estimated distance of the data path.

16. (Previously Presented) A communication method, comprising the steps of:

establishing a communication session between a first transceiver and a second transceiver, the first transceiver residing at a first premises and the second transceiver residing at a second premises;

communicating, during a training phase of the communication session, at least one signal between the first and second transceivers over a first communication connection that is bound via a binder, the communicating step comprising the step of transmitting at least one signal from the first transceiver at a default power level;

estimating a distance of a data path between the first and second transceivers based on at least one signal communicated in the communicating step;

controlling a transmission power level for the first transceiver based on the estimated distance of the data path, an estimated distance between the first transceiver and a feeder distribution interface, and an estimated distance between the feeder distribution interface and a third transceiver, such that signals transmitted by the first transceiver over the data path at the adjusted transmission power level are spectrally compatible with signals transmitted by the third transceiver to a fourth transceiver over a second communication connection that is bound by the binder, the third transceiver residing at a third premises and the fourth transceiver residing at a fourth premises; and

transmitting at least one signal from the first transceiver during a data phase of the communication session.

17. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 16, wherein the controlling step comprises the step of adjusting the transmission power level equally across a range of frequencies.

18. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 16, wherein the controlling step comprises the step of adjusting the transmission power level differently for different frequencies.

19. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 16, wherein the first and second communication connections are coupled to the feeder distribution interface, and wherein the method further comprises the steps of:

installing the first transceiver;

automatically providing, upon the installing step, the first transceiver with data indicative of the estimated distance between the first transceiver and the feeder distribution interface,

wherein the determining step is further based on the data.

20. (Currently Amended) A method for providing spectrum management in a data communication system having central office transceivers and intermediate terminal transceivers coupled through a feeder distribution interface to customer transceivers, the method comprising the steps of:

determining a first distance between one of the central office transceivers and the feeder distribution interface, the one central office transceiver residing at a central office;

determining a second distance between one of the intermediate terminal transceivers and the feeder distribution interface, the one intermediate terminal residing at an intermediate terminal;

automatically determining a third distance between the one intermediate terminal transceiver and one of the customer transceivers, the one customer transceiver residing at a customer premises; and

ensuring spectral compatibility between signals transmitted by the one intermediate terminal transceiver and signals transmitted by the one central office transceiver, the ensuring

step comprising the step of automatically controlling, based on each of the determined distances, a transmission power of the one intermediate terminal transceiver.

21. (Canceled)

22. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, further comprising the step of:  
establishing a communication session between the one intermediate terminal transceiver and the one customer transceiver,

wherein the automatically determining step comprises the step of estimating, based on a signal communicated between the one intermediate terminal transceiver and the one customer transceiver during the communication session, an approximate distance between the one intermediate terminal transceiver and the one customer transceiver.

23. (Currently Amended) A method of ensuring spectral compatibility in a data communication system having a central office transceiver and an intermediate terminal transceiver coupled through a feeder distribution interface to a customer transceiver, the method comprising the steps of:

providing a table of power back-off values for adjusting transmission power levels of the intermediate terminal transceiver in order to ensure spectral compatibility between signals transmitted by the intermediate terminal transceiver and signals transmitted by the central office transceiver;

automatically determining a distance between the intermediate terminal transceiver and the customer transceiver based on signals communicated between the intermediate terminal transceiver and the customer transceiver;

selecting one of the power back-off values for the intermediate terminal transceiver based



on the determined distance, a distance between the intermediate terminal transceiver and the feeder distribution interface, and a distance between the central office transceiver and the feeder distribution interface; and

controlling, based on the selected power back-off value, the transmission power level of the intermediate terminal transceiver.

24. (Canceled)

25. (Previously Presented) A method for reducing crosstalk in a data communication system having a central office transceiver residing at a central office and an intermediate terminal transceiver residing at an intermediate terminal, the central office transceiver coupled through a feeder distribution interface to a first customer transceiver residing at a first customer premises and the intermediate terminal transceiver coupled through a feeder distribution interface to a second customer transceiver residing at a second customer premises, the method comprising the steps of:

storing a value indicative of an approximate distance between the central office and the feeder distribution interface and a value indicative of an approximate distance between the intermediate terminal and the feeder distribution interface;

automatically determining a value indicative of an approximate distance between the intermediate terminal transceiver and the second customer transceiver;

selecting a transmission power level of the intermediate terminal transceiver based on each of the values; and

transmitting a signal from the intermediate terminal transceiver at the selected transmission power level.

26. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 25, further comprising the step of:  
automatically providing the intermediate terminal transceiver, upon installation of the intermediate terminal transceiver at the intermediate terminal, the value indicative of the approximate distance between the central office and the feeder distribution interface and the value indicative of the approximate distance between the intermediate terminal and the feeder distribution interface.

27. (Currently Amended) A communication method, comprising the steps of:  
transmitting a signal from ~~at least one~~ an intermediate terminal transceiver through a cable to a first customer transceiver residing at a first customer premises, the cable coupled to a feeder distribution interface that is coupled to the ~~at least one~~ intermediate terminal transceiver and ~~at least one~~ a central office transceiver, the cable propagating at least one signal transmitted from the ~~at least one~~ central office transceiver, the intermediate terminal transceiver residing at an intermediate terminal and the central office transceiver residing at a central office;

ensuring spectral compatibility between signals transmitted by the ~~at least one~~ intermediate terminal transceiver and signals transmitted by the ~~at least one~~ central office transceiver to a second customer transceiver residing at a second customer premises, the ensuring step comprising the step of automatically controlling a power output of the ~~at least one~~ intermediate terminal transceiver; and

estimating a distance between the ~~at least one~~ intermediate terminal transceiver and the first customer transceiver based on at least one signal transmitted between the intermediate terminal transceiver and the first customer transceiver, wherein the controlling step is based on the estimated distance, a distance between the ~~at least one~~ intermediate terminal transceiver and the feeder distribution interface, and a distance between the ~~at least one~~ central office transceiver and the feeder distribution interface.

28. (Previously Presented) A communication method, comprising the steps of:

transmitting a signal from at least one intermediate terminal transceiver through a cable to a customer transceiver, the cable coupled to a feeder distribution interface that is coupled to the at least one intermediate terminal transceiver and at least one central office transceiver, the cable propagating at least one signal transmitted from the at least one central office transceiver;

automatically controlling a power output of the at least one intermediate terminal transceiver such that a specified performance margin of the at least one central office transceiver is maintained;

estimating a distance between the at least one intermediate terminal transceiver and the customer transceiver, wherein the adjusting is further based on the estimated distance;

plotting a graph having axes corresponding to distances between the transceivers and the feeder distribution interface, the graph having at least one curve indicative of a level to which the power output of the at least one intermediate terminal transceiver is to be set via the controlling step; and

linearizing the at least one curve,

wherein the controlling step is based on the at least one linearized curve.

29-30. (Canceled)

31. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the logic is configured to determine a difference between the estimated distance of the data path and the estimated distance between the intermediate terminal transceiver and the feeder distribution interface, and wherein the logic is configured to control the power output based on the difference.

32. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, further comprising the step of determining a difference between the second distance and the third distance, wherein the controlling step is based on the difference.

33. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 1, wherein the first intermediate terminal transceiver is remote from the feeder distribution interface and the central office transceiver.

34. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein the feeder distribution interface is coupled to the first and second customer transceivers via a first binder, wherein the signal transmitted by the intermediate terminal transceiver passes through the first binder, and wherein the at least one signal transmitted by the central office transceiver passes through the first binder.

35. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 34, wherein feeder distribution interface is coupled to the central office transceiver via a second binder, wherein the feeder distribution interface is coupled to the intermediate terminal transceiver via a third binder, wherein the signal transmitted by the intermediate terminal transceiver passes through the third binder but not the second binder, and wherein the at least one signal transmitted by the central office transceiver passes through the second binder but not the third binder.